



Designation: **A872/A872M – 21**

Standard Specification for Centrifugally Cast Ferritic/Austenitic Stainless Steel Pipe for Corrosive Environments¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A872/A872M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers centrifugally cast ferritic/austenitic steel pipe intended for general corrosive service. These steels are susceptible to embrittlement if used for prolonged periods at elevated temperatures.

1.2 Optional supplementary requirements are provided when additional testing may be required.

1.3 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of each other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A488/A488M Practice for Steel Castings, Welding, Qualifications of Procedures and Personnel

A781/A781M Specification for Castings, Steel and Alloy, Common Requirements, for General Industrial Use

A999/A999M Specification for General Requirements for Alloy and Stainless Steel Pipe

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E94/E94M Guide for Radiographic Examination Using Industrial Radiographic Film

E165/E165M Practice for Liquid Penetrant Testing for General Industry

E186 Reference Radiographs for Heavy-Walled (2 to 4½ in. (50.8 to 114 mm)) Steel Castings

E280 Reference Radiographs for Heavy-Walled (4½ to 12 in. (114 to 305 mm)) Steel Castings

E340 Practice for Macroetching Metals and Alloys

E446 Reference Radiographs for Steel Castings Up to 2 in. (50.8 mm) in Thickness

2.2 *ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code:*

Section IX Welding Qualifications³

2.3 *ASTM Adjuncts:*

Adjunct **E186** Reference Radiographs—Transparencies in Ringbinders, Three Volumes⁴

Adjunct **E280** Reference Radiographs—Transparencies in Ringbinders, Two Volumes⁵

Adjunct **E446** Reference Radiographs—Transparencies in Ringbinders, Three Volumes⁶

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the following, as required, to describe the desired material adequately.

3.1.1 Quantity (feet [metres] or number of lengths),

3.1.2 Name of material (centrifugally cast ferritic/austenitic steel pipe),

3.1.3 Grade (**Table 1**),

3.1.4 Size (outside or inside diameter and minimum wall thickness in inches [millimetres]),

3.1.5 Length (specific or random, Specification **A999/A999M**),

3.1.6 End finish of Specification **A999/A999M**,

3.1.7 Optional Requirements (S1 through S6),

3.1.8 Test report required (**Section 12**), and

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **A01** on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **A01.18** on Castings.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, <http://www.asme.org>.

⁴ Available from ASTM International Headquarters. Request **RRE018601** for Vol I, **RRE018602** for Vol II, and **RRE018603** for Vol III.

⁵ Available from ASTM International Headquarters. Request for **RRE028001** Vol I and **RRE028002** for Vol II.

⁶ Available from ASTM International Headquarters. Request for **RRE044601** Vol I, **RRE044602** for Vol II, and **RRE044603** for Vol III.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Requirements^A

Element, %	Grade		
	UNS J93183	UNS J93550	UNS J94300 CD4MCuMN
Carbon	0.030	0.030	0.04
Manganese	2.0	2.0	0.50–1.50
Phosphorus	0.040	0.040	0.04
Sulfur	0.030	0.030	0.04
Silicon	2.0	2.0	1.10
Chromium	20.0–23.0	23.0–26.0	24.5–26.5
Nickel	4.00–6.00	5.00–8.00	4.5–6.0
Molybdenum	2.00–4.00	2.00–4.00	2.5–4.0
Nitrogen	0.08–0.25	0.08–0.25	0.18–0.26
Copper	1.00	1.00	1.3–3.0
Cobalt	0.50–1.50	0.50–1.50	...

^A Values are maximums unless a range or minimum is indicated. Where ellipses (...) appear in this table there is no requirement, and the element need not be analyzed or reported.

3.1.9 Special requirements or additions to the specification.

4. General Requirements

4.1 Material furnished under this specification shall conform to the applicable requirements of the current edition of Specification **A999/A999M**, unless otherwise provided herein.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Manufacture:

5.1.1 The pipe shall be made by the centrifugal casting process.

5.1.2 All pipes shall be furnished in the heat-treated condition as shown in **Table 2**.

5.1.3 *Machining*—The pipe shall be machined on the inner surface and may be supplied either machined or unmachined in the outer surface. All machining shall be to a roughness value agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 *Heat Analysis*—An analysis of each heat shall be made by the manufacturer to determine the percentages of elements specified in **Table 1**. The analysis shall be made on a test sample taken preferably during the pouring of the heat. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements specified in **Table 1**.

6.2 *Product Analysis*—A product analysis may be made by the purchaser. The sample for analysis shall be selected so as to be thoroughly representative of the pipe being analyzed. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements specified in **Table 1**.

6.3 To determine conformance with the chemical analysis requirements, an observed value or calculated value shall be rounded in accordance with Practice **E29** to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of values listed in **Table 1**.

7. Tensile Requirements

7.1 *Testing*—Steel used for the castings shall conform to the tensile and hardness requirements specified in **Table 3**.

7.2 Test Specimens:

7.2.1 Test bars shall be taken from heat-treated castings.

7.2.2 Tension test specimens shall be the standard round 2-in. [50-mm] gage length specimen.

7.3 Number of Tests:

7.3.1 One tension test shall be made from each heat.

7.3.2 If a specimen is machined improperly or flaws are revealed by machining or during testing, the specimen may be discarded and another substituted from the same heat.

7.4 *Retests*—If the results of the mechanical test for any heat do not conform to the requirements specified, the casting may be reheat treated and retested, but it may not be solution treated more than twice.

8. Quality

8.1 The surface of the casting shall be examined visually and shall be free of cracks and hot tears. Other surface defects shall be judged in accordance with visual acceptance criteria that may be specified in the order.

9. Rework and Retreatment

9.1 Defects as defined in Section 8 shall be removed and their removal verified by visual inspection of the resultant cavities. Defects that are located by inspection using Supplementary Requirement S4, S5, or S6 shall be removed or reduced to an acceptable size.

9.2 If removal of the defect does not impinge upon the minimum wall thickness, the depression shall be blended uniformly into the surrounding surface.

9.3 If the cavity resulting from defect removal impinges upon the minimum wall thickness, weld repair is permitted

TABLE 2 Heat Treatment Requirements

Grade	Condition	
	Temperature, °F [°C]	Quenching
UNS J93183	1920–2100 [1050–1150]	Water quench or rapid cooling by other means
UNS J93550	1920–2100 [1050–1150]	Water quench or rapid cooling by other means
UNS J94300 CD4MCuMN	1900 minimum	Water quench or rapid cooling by other means