



Designation: C33/C33M – 23

Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C33/C33M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification defines the requirements for grading and quality of fine and coarse aggregate (other than lightweight or heavyweight aggregate) for use in concrete.²

1.2 This specification is for use by a contractor, concrete supplier, or other purchaser as part of the purchase document describing the material to be furnished.

NOTE 1—This specification is regarded as adequate to ensure satisfactory materials for most concrete. It is recognized that, for certain work or in certain regions, it may be either more or less restrictive than needed. For example, where aesthetics are important, more restrictive limits may be considered regarding impurities that would stain the concrete surface. The specifier should ascertain that aggregates specified are or can be made available in the area of the work, with regard to grading, physical, or chemical properties, or combination thereof.

1.3 This specification is also for use in project specifications to define the quality of aggregate, the nominal maximum size of the aggregate, and other specific grading requirements. Those responsible for selecting the proportions for the concrete mixture shall have the responsibility of determining the proportions of fine and coarse aggregate and the addition of blending aggregate sizes if required or approved.

1.4 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.5 The text of this standard refers to notes and footnotes that provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of this standard.

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standard-*

ization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

- [C29/C29M Test Method for Bulk Density \(“Unit Weight”\) and Voids in Aggregate](#)
- [C40/C40M Test Method for Organic Impurities in Fine Aggregates for Concrete](#)
- [C87/C87M Test Method for Effect of Organic Impurities in Fine Aggregate on Strength of Mortar](#)
- [C88/C88M Test Method for Soundness of Aggregates by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesium Sulfate](#)
- [C117 Test Method for Materials Finer than 75-μm \(No. 200\) Sieve in Mineral Aggregates by Washing](#)
- [C123/C123M Test Method for Lightweight Particles in Aggregate \(Withdrawn 2023\)⁴](#)
- [C125 Terminology Relating to Concrete and Concrete Aggregates](#)
- [C131/C131M Test Method for Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine](#)
- [C136/C136M Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates](#)
- [C142/C142M Test Method for Clay Lumps and Friable Particles in Aggregates](#)
- [C294 Descriptive Nomenclature for Constituents of Concrete Aggregates](#)
- [C295/C295M Guide for Petrographic Examination of Aggregates for Concrete](#)
- [C330/C330M Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete](#)
- [C331/C331M Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Concrete Masonry Units](#)
- [C332 Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Insulating Concrete](#)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C09 on Concrete and Concrete Aggregates and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C09.20 on Aggregates.

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² For lightweight aggregates, see Specifications C330/C330M, C331/C331M, and C332; for heavyweight aggregates see Specification C637 and Descriptive Nomenclature C638.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

- C535** Test Method for Resistance to Degradation of Large-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine
- C637** Specification for Aggregates for Radiation-Shielding Concrete
- C638** Descriptive Nomenclature of Constituents of Aggregates for Radiation-Shielding Concrete
- C666/C666M** Test Method for Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing
- C1778** Guide for Reducing the Risk of Deleterious Alkali-Aggregate Reaction in Concrete
- D75/D75M** Practice for Sampling Aggregates
- D422** Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils (Withdrawn 2016)⁴
- D2419** Test Method for Sand Equivalent Value of Soils and Fine Aggregate
- D3665** Practice for Random Sampling of Construction Materials
- E11** Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves

2.2 Other Standards:

- AASHTO T 330** Method of Test for the Qualitative Detection of Harmful Clays of the Smectite Group in Aggregates Using Methylene Blue⁵

3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions of terms used in this standard, refer to Terminology **C125**.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *aggregate, recycled, n*—granular material that has been diverted, separated, or removed from the solid waste stream, and processed for use in the form of raw materials or products.

4. Ordering and Specifying Information

4.1 The direct purchaser of aggregates shall include the information in 4.2 in the purchase order as applicable. A project specifier shall include in the project documents information to describe the aggregate to be used in the project from the applicable items in 4.3.

4.2 Include in the purchase order for aggregates the following information, as applicable:

- 4.2.1 Reference to this specification, as C33____.
- 4.2.2 Whether the order is for fine aggregate or for coarse aggregate,
- 4.2.3 Quantity, in metric tons or tons,
- 4.2.4 When the order is for fine aggregate:
- 4.2.4.1 Requirements for alkali-aggregate reactivity (see 7.3),
- 4.2.4.2 In the case of the sulfate soundness test (see 8.1) which salt is to be used. If none is stated, either sodium sulfate or magnesium sulfate shall be used,

4.2.4.3 The appropriate limit for material finer than 75- μ m (No. 200) sieve (see Table 1). If not stated, the 3.0 % limit shall apply,

4.2.4.4 The appropriate limit for coal and lignite (see Table 2). If not stated, the 1.0 % limit shall apply,

4.2.5 When the order is for coarse aggregate:

4.2.5.1 The grading (size number) (see 10.1 and Table 3), or alternate grading as agreed between the purchaser and aggregate supplier.

4.2.5.2 The appropriate limit for material finer than 75 μ m (No. 200) sieve (see Table 3). If not stated, the 1.0 % limit shall apply,

4.2.5.3 The class designation (see 11.1 and Table 4),

4.2.5.4 Requirements for alkali-aggregate reactivity (see 11.2),

4.2.5.5 In the case of the sulfate soundness test (see Table 4), which salt is to be used. If none is stated, either sodium sulfate or magnesium sulfate shall be used, and

4.2.6 Any exceptions or additions to this specification (see Note 1).

4.3 Include in project specifications for aggregates the following information, as applicable:

4.3.1 Reference to this specification, as C33____.

4.3.2 When the aggregate being described is fine aggregate:

4.3.2.1 Requirements for alkali-aggregate reactivity (see 7.3),

4.3.2.2 In the case of the sulfate soundness test (see 8.1) which salt is to be used. If none is stated, either sodium sulfate or magnesium sulfate shall be used.

4.3.2.3 The appropriate limit for material finer than the 75 μ m (No. 200) sieve (see Table 1). If not stated, the 3.0 % limit shall apply, and

4.3.2.4 The limit that applies with regard to coal and lignite (Table 2). If not stated, the 1.0 % limit shall apply.

4.3.3 When the aggregate being described is coarse aggregate, include:

4.3.3.1 The nominal maximum size or sizes permitted, based on thickness of section or spacing of reinforcing bars or other criteria. In lieu of stating the nominal maximum size, the specifier shall designate an appropriate size number or numbers (see 10.1 and Table 3). Designation of a size number to indicate a nominal size shall not restrict the person responsible for selecting proportions from combining two or more gradings of

TABLE 1 Grading Requirements for Fine Aggregate

Sieve (Specification E11)	Percent Passing
9.5-mm (3/8-in.)	100
4.75-mm (No. 4)	95 to 100
2.36-mm (No. 8)	80 to 100
1.18-mm (No. 16)	50 to 85
600- μ m (No. 30)	25 to 60
300- μ m (No. 50)	5 to 30
150- μ m (No. 100)	0 to 10
75- μ m (No. 200)	0 to 3.0 ^{A,B}

^A For concrete not subject to abrasion, the limit for material finer than the 75- μ m (No. 200) sieve shall be 5.0 % maximum.

^B For manufactured fine or other recycled aggregate, if the material finer than the 75- μ m (No. 200) sieve consists of the dust of fracture, essentially free of clay or shale, this limit shall be 5.0% for concrete subject to abrasion, and 7% maximum for concrete not subject to abrasion.

⁵ AASHTO Standard Specifications, Part 2B: Tests. Available from American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 444 N. Capitol St., NW, Suite 249, Washington, DC 20001, <http://www.transportation.org>.