



Standard Specification for Polypropylene (PP) Siding¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7254; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification establishes requirements and test methods for materials, impact strength, appearance, surface flame spread, and wind load resistance of siding products manufactured from polypropylene material. Methods of indicating compliance with this specification are also provided.

1.2 The use of polypropylene recycled plastic in this product shall be in accordance with the requirements in Section 4.

1.3 Siding produced to this specification shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions for the specific product to be installed.

NOTE 1—Information with regard to siding maintenance shall be obtained from the manufacturer.

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The SI units given in parentheses are for information purposes only.

1.5 The following precautionary caveat pertains to the test method portion only, Section 6 of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

NOTE 2—There is no known ISO equivalent to this standard.

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.24 on Plastic Building Products.

Current edition approved Dec. 1, 2021. Published December 2021. Originally approved in 2007. Last previous edition approved in 2020 as D7254 – 20. DOI:10.1520/D7254-21.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

D660 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Checking of Exterior Paints

D661 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Cracking of Exterior Paints

D662 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Erosion of Exterior Paints

D714 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints

D772 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Flaking (Scaling) of Exterior Paints

D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics

D1435 Practice for Outdoor Weathering of Plastics

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D3359 Test Methods for Rating Adhesion by Tape Test

D3679 Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Siding

D3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics

D4101 Classification System and Basis for Specification for Polypropylene Injection and Extrusion Materials

D4226 Test Methods for Impact Resistance of Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Building Products

D5033 Guide for Development of ASTM Standards Relating to Recycling and Use of Recycled Plastics (Withdrawn 2007)³

D5206 Test Method for Windload Resistance of Rigid Plastic Siding

E84 Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials

E631 Terminology of Building Constructions

G147 Practice for Conditioning and Handling of Nonmetallic Materials for Natural and Artificial Weathering Tests

2.2 ASCE Standard:⁴

ASCE 7-10 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures

2.3 International Code Council:⁵

International Building Code

International Residential Code

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), 1801 Alexander Bell Dr., Reston, VA 20191, <http://www.asce.org>.

⁵ Available from International Code Council (ICC), 500 New Jersey Ave., NW, 6th Floor, Washington, DC 20001, <http://www.iccsafe.org>.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

2.4 *Vinyl Siding Institute, Inc.*⁶

VSII Vinyl Siding Installation Manual (2015)

2.5 *Structural Building Components Association*.⁷

ANSI/SBCA FS 100-2012 Standard Requirements for Wind Pressure Resistance of Foam Plastic Insulating Sheathing Used in Exterior Wall Covering Assemblies

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions are in accordance with Terminologies **D883**, **D1600**, and **E631**, unless otherwise specified.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *polypropylene siding, n*—a shaped material, made principally from polypropylene homopolymer, or copolymer, which in some cases may contain fillers and/or reinforcements, that is used to clad exterior walls of buildings.

3.2.2 *self-supporting specimen, n*—a specimen that remains in place by its own structural characteristics both before and during the fire test.

3.2.3 *wind load design pressure rating, n*—the maximum wind pressure that a polypropylene siding product is rated to withstand, based on testing under Test Method **D5206**.

3.2.4 *standard wind load design pressure rating, n*—the wind load design pressure rating for a siding product when installed: 1) over a sheathing material designed and attached such that it is capable of resisting 100% of positive and negative wind pressures occurring under design conditions at the building location; and 2) with the standard fastening method specified in building codes, general installation instructions, and the siding manufacturer's instructions.

3.2.5 *alternative wind load design pressure rating, n*—the wind load design pressure rating for a siding product when installed over a sheathing not designed and attached such that it is capable of resisting 100 % of positive and negative wind pressures occurring under design conditions at the building location, or when the siding is not fastened in the standard way; as specified by the manufacturer

3.2.5.1 *Discussion*—The standard test conditions, configuration, and fastening method used in this Specification are specified in **6.5**, while alternative sheathing and installation conditions are specified by the manufacturer and must be reflected in the product's installation instructions. Alternative ratings apply only when the specified sheathing and fastening conditions are used. See **Annex A1** for information on differences between the standard wind load design pressure rating and alternative wind load design pressure ratings, and how to determine standard and alternative design pressure ratings.

3.2.6 *temperate northern climate, n*—in weather testing, a North American metropolitan area testing site located within 73 to 100° W longitude and 37 to 45° N latitude.

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The siding shall be made principally of polypropylene compound, prepared from polypropylene homopolymer or copolymer.

4.2 Where polypropylene recycled plastic as defined in Guide **D5033** is used, the siding containing the polypropylene recycled plastic shall meet all the requirements in the sections on Terminology (Section 3), on Materials and Manufacture (Section 4), and on Physical Requirements (Section 5).

4.3 The polypropylene compound shall be compounded so as to provide the heat stability and weather exposure stability required for the siding market application.

5. Physical Requirements

5.1 *Impact Resistance*—Siding shall have a minimum impact strength of 35 in.-lbf when tested in accordance with **6.2**.

5.2 *Weathering*—The siding shall be free of any visual surface or structural changes such as checking, cracking, erosion, blistering or flaking, (excluding chalking), when tested in accordance with **6.3**.

5.2.1 For siding having paint or other coating applied to the visible surface, samples with coating shall be weathered and visually evaluated, and shall meet the requirements of **5.2**.

5.3 *Film Adhesion*—Siding having paint or other coating applied to the visible surface shall comply with the following when tested in accordance with **6.4**.

5.3.1 The sum of all 10 ratings must total 38 or greater, with not more than two ratings lower than 3. If any of the 10 ratings is a 1 or 0, the siding is not qualified.

5.4 *Wind Load Resistance*—The siding shall withstand a minimum static test pressure and a standard wind load design pressure rating shall be determined.

5.4.1 *Minimum Test Pressure*—The siding panel(s) shall be able to withstand a minimum static test pressure of 16.2 lbf/ft² (776 Pa) when tested in accordance with **6.5**. The average maximum sustained static pressure determined in **6.5** shall be equal to or greater than this value.

NOTE 3—The static pressure of 16.2 lbf/ft² (776 Pa) was established to withstand structural loading conditions that occur in wind exposures of approximately 110 mph (177 km/h) (V_{ASD}) for mean roof heights of 30 ft (9.1 m) and less in exposure category B, and corresponds to 30.0 lbf/ft² (1436 Pa) design pressure, to match the default wind design conditions of Table R703.3(1) in the 2015 International Residential Code.

NOTE 4—Refer to **Annex A1** for an explanation as to how the negative design pressure was established, and for applications where the effective negative design pressure as specified in ASCE 7-10 is different from 30.0 lbf/ft² (1436 Pa) (for example, wind-zone areas greater than about 110 mph (177 km/h) (V_{ASD}) (225 km/h (V_{ULT})) or mean roof height above 30 ft (9.1 m), or exposures other than exposure category B).

5.4.1.1 The design-pressure values can be negative (suction loads) or positive. The negative values are the largest in magnitude and are the values used for this specification.

5.4.2 *Standard Wind Load Design Pressure Rating*—The standard wind load design pressure rating shall be determined from the results of testing in accordance with **6.5**, using the procedures described in **Annex A1**, section **A1.3**.

NOTE 5—The standard design pressure rating is valid for applications where the siding is installed over sheathing and its fastening that are capable of independently resisting both positive and negative wind pressures occurring under design conditions at the building location. For applications over other sheathing, a different design pressure rating is applicable, and is determined in accordance with **Annex A1**, section **A1.3**. Determination of a rating other than the standard design pressure rating is

⁶ National Housing Center, 1201 15th Street NW, Suite 220, Washington, DC 20005, <http://www.vinylsiding.org>

⁷ 6300 Enterprise Lane, Madison, WI 53719, <http://www.sbcindustry.com>