



Designation: E1199 – 24

Standard Practice for Sampling Zooplankton with a Clarke-Bumpus Plankton Sampler¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E1199; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers the procedures for obtaining quantitative samples of a zooplankton community by use of a Clarke-Bumpus plankton sampler.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D1129 Terminology Relating to Water

D4134 Practice for Sampling Phytoplankton with a Clarke-Bumpus Plankton Sampler (Withdrawn 2020)³

E1200 Practice for Preserving Zooplankton Samples

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 For definitions of terms used in this standard, refer to Terminology D1129.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D19 on Water and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D19.24 on Water Microbiology.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

3.2.1 *zooplankton, n*—plankton consisting of small animals and the immature stages of larger animals.

3.2.1.1 *Discussion*—Some of these organisms, such as miniature crustaceans and protozoans, are very small. Others, such as jellyfish, are larger. Some fishes and shellfish begin their lives as eggs or tiny larvae. These eggs and larvae are also zooplankton.

4. Summary of Practice

4.1 The sampler is towed from a moving boat at a specified depth. The sampler uses a net for the collection and concentration of zooplankton. The actual volume of water entering the sampler is measured by a calibrated flowmeter. The zooplankton are preserved as dictated by the objectives of the study.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 The *advantages* of the Clarke-Bumpus plankton sampler are as follows:

5.1.1 It will sample a discrete depth or multiple depths, depending upon the sampling design.

5.1.2 It is a slow to medium speed sampler requiring a towing speed of three to five knots.

5.1.3 The sample size can be easily controlled.

5.1.4 The sampler is lightweight and can be used without auxiliary equipment.

5.1.5 It has a relatively high filtration efficiency factor of 0.88.

5.1.6 It is a versatile sampler and can be used in all but the shallowest waters.

5.1.7 The flowmeter records the amount of water that passes into the net.

5.1.8 Overspill of water at the mouth of the net due to excess speed of towing is of minimal consequence.

5.2 The *disadvantages* of the Clarke-Bumpus plankton sampler are as follows:

5.2.1 The flowmeter requires frequent maintenance including calibration and lubrication.

5.2.2 It is not suitable for use in very small areas or shallow waters.

5.3 There are several *special considerations* that shall be observed when using a Clarke-Bumpus plankton sampler. They are: