

International Standard



197/3

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Copper and copper alloys — Terms and definitions — Part 3: Wrought products

Cuivre et alliages de cuivre — Termes et définitions — Partie 3: Produits corroyés

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 197/3 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 26, *Copper and copper alloys*, and was circulated to the member bodies in August 1982.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Australia	France	South Africa, Rep. of
Austria	Germany, F.R.	Spain
Belgium	Hungary	Sweden
Brazil	Iran	Switzerland
Canada	Japan	Turkey
Chile	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	United Kingdom
China	Netherlands	USA
Czechoslovakia	Poland	USSR
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Romania	Venezuela

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO Technical Report ISO/TR 197/3-1976, of which it constitutes a technical revision.