

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD**2312**

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Carbon tetrachloride for industrial use — Methods of test

First edition — 1972-07-15

UDC 661.723.24 : 620.1

Ref. No. : ISO 2312-1972 (E)

Descriptors : halohydrocarbons, carbon tetrachloride, liquids, tests.

Price based on 3 pages

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 2312 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*.

It was approved in October 1971 by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Austria	India	Switzerland
Belgium	Ireland	Thailand
Chile	Italy	Turkey
Czechoslovakia	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	United Kingdom
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Netherlands	U.S.A.
France	Portugal	U.S.S.R.
Germany	Romania	Yugoslavia
Hungary	South Africa, Rep. of	

The Member Body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

New Zealand

© International Organization for Standardization, 1972 •

Printed in Switzerland