

International Standard



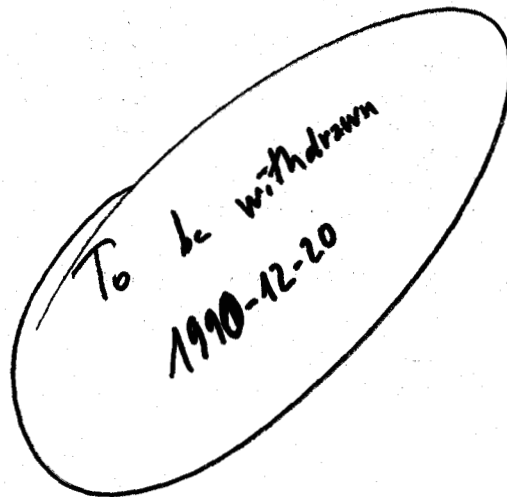
5190

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Anodizing of aluminium and its alloys — Evaluation of uniformity of appearance of architectural anodic finishes — Determination of diffuse reflectance and specular gloss

*Anodisation de l'aluminium et de ses alliages — Contrôle de l'homogénéité d'aspect des couches anodiques colorées —
Mesurage de la diffusance et de la réflectance*

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Descriptors : aluminium, aluminium alloys, surface treatment, anodic coating, tests, determination, reflectance factor.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 5190 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 79, *Light metals and their alloys*, and was circulated to the member bodies in March 1983.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Australia	Hungary	Spain
Austria	India	Sweden
Bulgaria	Italy	Switzerland
Canada	Japan	United Kingdom
China	Nigeria	USA
Czechoslovakia	Poland	USSR
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Saudi Arabia	
France	South Africa, Rep. of	

The member bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

Germany, F.R.
Netherlands