

International Standard



5934

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Crude sodium borates for industrial use — Determination of alkali-soluble copper and manganese contents — Zinc bis(dibenzylidithiocarbamate) and formaldehyde oxime photometric methods

Borates de sodium bruts à usage industriel — Dosage du cuivre et du manganèse solubles en milieu alcalin — Méthodes photométriques au bis(dibenzylidithiocarbamate) de zinc et à la formaldéhyde oxime

First edition — 1980-11-01

UDC 661.652 : 543.42 : 546.56 + 546.711

Ref. No. ISO 5934-1980 (E)

Descriptors : boron inorganic compounds, sodium borates, chemical analysis, determination of content, copper, manganese, alkaline conditions, spectrophotometric analysis.

Price based on 5 pages

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 5934 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and was circulated to the member bodies in October 1978.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Germany, F. R.	Romania
Austria	Hungary	South Africa, Rep. of
Belgium	India	Switzerland
Brazil	Israel	Thailand
Bulgaria	Italy	United Kingdom
China	Korea, Rep. of	USSR
Czechoslovakia	Mexico	Yugoslavia
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Philippines	
France	Poland	

The member body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

Netherlands

This International Standard has also been approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).