
International Standard



6636/3

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Fruit and vegetable products — Determination of zinc content — Part 3 : Dithizone spectrometric method

Produits dérivés des fruits et légumes — Détermination de la teneur en zinc — Partie 3 : Méthode spectrométrique à la dithizone

First edition — 1983-12-01

UDC 634.1/635.6 : 543.42 : 546.47

Ref. No. ISO 6636/3-1983 (E)

Descriptors : fruit and vegetable products, tests, determination of content, zinc, spectrophotometric analysis.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 6636/3 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Agricultural food products*, and was circulated to the member bodies in April 1982.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Austria	Kenya	Romania
Canada	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	South Africa, Rep. of
Czechoslovakia	Malaysia	Spain
Germany, F. R.	New Zealand	Sri Lanka
Hungary	Peru	Tanzania
India	Philippines	Turkey
Iran	Poland	USSR
Iraq	Portugal	Yugoslavia

The member bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

Netherlands