
**Anodized aluminium and aluminium
alloys — Accelerated test of weather
fastness of coloured anodic oxide coatings
using cyclic artificial light and pollution gas**

*Aluminium et alliages d'aluminium anodisés — Essai accéléré de
résistance aux intempéries des couches anodiques colorées par exposition
cyclique à la lumière artificielle et à un gaz polluant*



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards, but in exceptional circumstances a technical committee may propose the publication of a Technical Report of one of the following types:

- type 1, when the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an International Standard, despite repeated efforts;
- type 2, when the subject is still under technical development or where for any other reason there is the future but not immediate possibility of an agreement on an International Standard;
- type 3, when a technical committee has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for example).

Technical Reports of types 1 and 2 are subject to review within three years of publication, to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards. Technical Reports of type 3 do not necessarily have to be reviewed until the data they provide are considered to be no longer valid or useful.

ISO/TR 11728, which is a Technical Report of type 2, was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 79, *Light metals and their alloys*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Anodized aluminium*.

Two methods of evaluating the weathering property of materials in International Standards exist; one is the outdoor exposure test and the other is the accelerated artificial test. However, there is no International Standard which describes the relation between them or explains why current weathering test methods have been separated into two methods; one is

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